Package 'braQCA'

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Title Bootstrapped Robustness Assessment for Qualitative Comparative Analysis

Version 1.4.11.27

Description Test the robustness of a user's Qualitative Comparative Analysis solutions to randomness, using the bootstrapped assessment: baQCA(). This package also includes a function that provides recommendations for improving solutions to reach typical significance levels: brQCA(). Data included come from McVeigh et al. (2014) <doi:10.1177/0003122414534065>.

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License GPL-3

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baQCA

Description

This function performs the the Bootstrapped Assessment for QCA (baQCA) on a given QCA model object.

Usage

```
baQCA(
    mod,
    sim = 2000,
    all = TRUE,
    include = c(""),
    row.dom = FALSE,
    omit = c(),
    dir.exp = c()
)
```

Arguments

| mod | name of the QCA model object – the minimization of the truth table. |
|---------|---|
| sim | the number of simulations the baQCA function should run. Default set to $sim=2000$. |
| all | logical, whether or not causal conditions AND outcome should be resampled (with replacement). Default set to all=TRUE. |
| include | [from QCA package] "A vector of additional output function values to be included in the minimization." Default set to include=c(""). |
| row.dom | [from QCA package] "Logical, impose row dominance as constraint on solution to eliminate dominated inessential prime implicants." Default set to FALSE. |
| omit | [from QCA package] "A vector of configuration index values or matrix of con- figurations to be omitted from minimization." Default set to omit=c(). |
| dir.exp | [from QCA package] "A vector of directional expectations for deriving interme- diate solutions." Default set to dir.exp=c(). |

Value

This function returns a value which is the probability of a random QCA result (e.g. a result from random data) given the parameters set by the researcher in the model (configurational n threshold, consistency score threshold, etc), and a confidence interval around this value. This value is interpreted similarly to a p-value."

brQCA

Examples

```
qca.data <- rallies[,8:13]
rownames(qca.data)<-rownames(rallies)
truth<-QCA::truthTable(qca.data,outcome="P",sort.by="incl",incl.cut1=0.85,n.cut=1,show.cases=TRUE)
mod1 <- QCA::minimize(truth,details=TRUE,show.cases=TRUE)</pre>
```

```
summary(baQCA(mod1,sim=1))
```

brQCA

Bootstrapped Recommendation

Description

Provides recommendations for consistency score and configurational n thresholds to attain a desired level of confidence in a QCA algorithm application.

Usage

```
brQCA(
   qca.data,
   outcome = "OUT",
   type = "crisp",
   inclcut = "",
   ncut = 2,
   neg.out = FALSE,
   sim = 10,
   verbose = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

| qca.data | the QCA data frame. |
|----------|--|
| outcome | the outcome variable in the QCA data frame of causal conditions; "OUT" is the outcome variable for an application of QCA. |
| type | of QCA application, "crisp" or "fuzzy" sets. Default set to type = "crisp". |
| inclcut | range of consistency scores for inclusion. If not specified, this defaults to seq(from = 0.5 , to = 1, by = 0.01). |
| ncut | configurational n levels to simulate. Can be altered to give options for the range of minimum to maximum ncut value that the truth table yields, by naming the the truth table object (e.g. truth) and calling the minimum and maximum num- ber of cases, using ncut=min(truth\$tt\$n):max(truth\$tt\$n) identified by the truth table. Default set to ncut=2. |
| neg.out | [from QCA package] "Logical, use negation of outcome (ignored if data is a truth table object)." Default set to neg.out=FALSE. |

| sim | number of simulations to run for each combination of parameters. The final number of simulations is length(inclcut)*length(ncut)*sim*2. Default set to sim=10. |
|---------|--|
| verbose | prints the system time used to run the simulation and the percent complete. Default set to verbose=TRUE. |

Value

Significance levels reached (.10,.05, .01, .001) when specifying a combination of incluut, nuut, and neg.out in a QCA model.

Examples

```
qca.data <- rallies[,8:13]
## Not run:
brQCA(qca.data,outcome="P",ncut=5,sim=1)</pre>
```

```
## End(Not run)
```

conf.table

Configuration Table

Description

Internal function; calculates via logistic regression the output of the Bootstrapped Robustness Recommendation

Usage

```
conf.table(data, ncut = ncut)
```

Arguments

| data | name of the model object; the table of solutions for an application of QCA. Default set to data. |
|------|--|
| ncut | configurational n levels for inclusion. Default set to ncut=4 |

Value

The output of the Bootstrapped Recommendation #' @export

rallies

Description

This data set is an abbreviated version of the data set used by McVeigh et al. (2014). These data cover all 67 counties in Florida, and come from the American Community Survey (2005-2009).

Usage

rallies

Format

A data frame with 67 observations and 13 variables.

| tprallies | number of Tea Party rallies in county, 2009-2010 |
|------------|--|
| reppct2008 | percent of county vote for the Republican Presidential candidate (John McCain) in 2008 |
| dempct2008 | percent of county vote for the Democratic Presidential candidate (Barack Obama) in 2008 |
| pctBA25 | percent of county, aged 25 or older, with a bachelor's degree |
| pctunemp | percent of county that is unemployed |
| pctevang | percent of county that belongs to an Evangelical denomination |
| pctblack | percent of county that identifies as Black |
| Р | binary. 0 if county had no Tea Party rallies, 1 if county had at least on Tea Party rally |
| R | binary. 0 if the majority of votes in the county were for the Democratic Presidential candidate (Barack Obama) |
| С | binary. 0 if percent of county with a bachelor's degree was below-average for Florida, 1 if percent of county wi |
| U | binary. 0 if percent unemployed in county was below-average for Florida, 1 if percent unemployed in county w |
| E | binary. 0 if percent Evangelical in county was below-average for Florida, 1 if percent Evangelical in county wa |
| В | binary. 0 if percent Black in county was below-average for Florida, 1 if percent Black in county was at or abov |

sim.brQCA

Simulation Application

Description

Internal function to calculate the Bootstrapped Recommendation.

Usage

```
sim.brQCA(
   qca.data,
   outcome = "OUT",
   conditions = c(""),
   sim = 10,
   ncut = 2,
   type = "crisp",
   inclcut = "",
   neg.out = FALSE,
   verbose = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

| qca.data | the data frame of causal conditions. |
|------------|---|
| outcome | the outcome variable (object name) in the QCA data frame of causal condi- tions; "OUT" is the outcome variable for an application of QCA. Default set to outcome="OUT". |
| conditions | a set of causal conditions. Default set to conditions=c("") |
| sim | number of simulations to run. Default set to sim=10. |
| ncut | configurational n levels for inclusion. Default set to ncut=2. |
| type | type of QCA application, "crisp" or "fuzzy" sets. Default set to type = "crisp". |
| inclcut | minimum sufficiency score for inclusion. Default set to inclcut="". |
| neg.out | [from QCA package] "Logical, use negation of outcome (ignored if data is a truth table object)." Default set to neg.out=FALSE. |
| verbose | prints the system time used to run the simulation and the percent complete. De-fault set to verbose=TRUE. |

Value

Simulation information later passed on to conf.table.

summary.baQCAtest Summarize Results of baQCA

Description

```
Displays results of baQCA.
```

Usage

S3 method for class 'baQCAtest'
summary(object, ...)

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Arguments

| object | Object returned by baQCA. |
|--------|-----------------------------------|
| | Additional parameters to pass on. |

Value

Matrix of values for percent of simulations returning result from random data, along with confidence interval.

Examples

```
qca.data <- rallies[,8:13]
rownames(qca.data)<-rownames(rallies)
truth<-QCA::truthTable(qca.data,outcome="P",sort.by="incl",incl.cut1=0.85,n.cut=1,show.cases=TRUE)
mod1 <- QCA::minimize(truth,details=TRUE,show.cases=TRUE)</pre>
```

```
test <- baQCA(mod1,sim=1)
summary(test)</pre>
```

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